

А. В. Илюшкина



# АНГЛИЙСКИЕ СКАЗКИ И ЗАГАДКИ

с ВОПРОСАМИ  
и ЗАДАНИЯМИ



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Тексты для чтения  
и пересказа

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Слова  
и выражения  
для перевода

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А. В. Илюшкина



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## От автора

Полагаю, что сказки любят все. Тем более такие замечательные сказки, как «Золушка», «Красная Шапочка», «Красавица и Чудовище», которые давно вошли в золотую коллекцию самых известных и любимых детьми литературных произведений.

В данной книге вы прочитаете эти сказки на английском языке. Тексты сказок сопровождаются занимательными упражнениями, которые способствуют выработке навыков и умений, необходимых при изучении любого иностранного языка.

Кроме того, в книге представлены загадки на английском языке, которые помогут вам расширить словарный запас и лучше понять культуру и традиции англоязычных стран.

Книга предназначена для учащихся 4—6-х классов общеобразовательных школ, а также для тех, кто изучает английский язык самостоятельно.

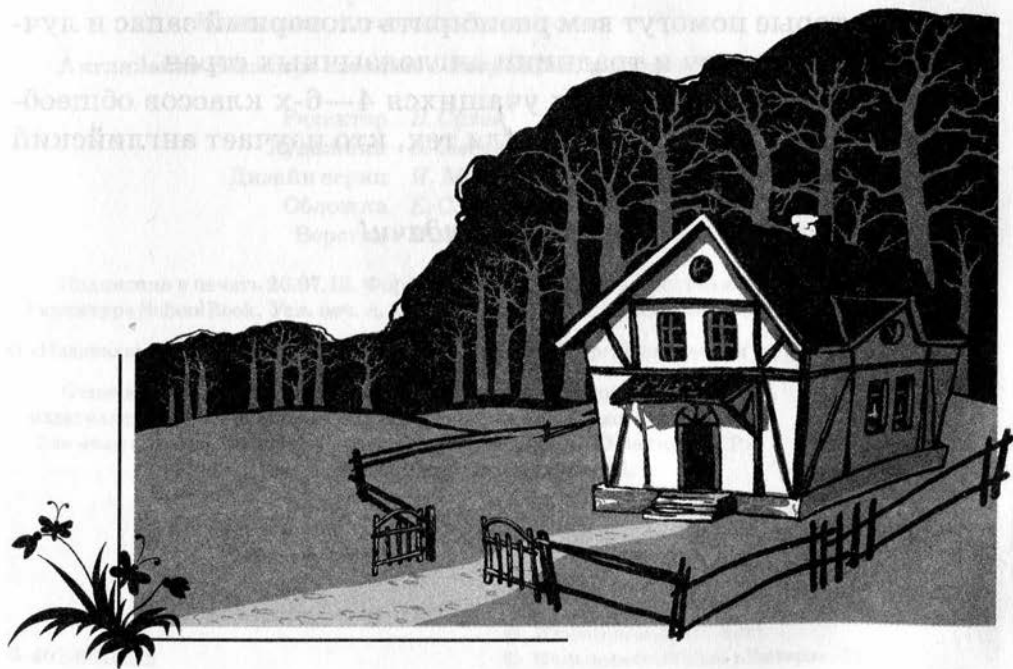
*Желаю вам удачи!*

## TALES

### Little Red Riding Hood

#### *Part One*

Once upon a time there lived a small girl. Her name was Little Red Riding Hood. She lived with her parents in a house. There was a deep, dark forest not far from their house. On the other side of the forest lived her Grandmother. And in the deep, dark forest lived a big bad Wolf.





“Grandmother is ill”, said Little Red Riding Hood’s mother one day. “Please take her this cake. But don’t stop on the way!”

So Little Red Riding Hood took the cake and went through the deep, dark forest. She looked around. There was not a sound. Then she met the big bad Wolf.

“Good day, my dear”, said the wolf. “What are you doing here? Where are you going?”

“I’m going to my grandmother to take her a cake,” said Little Red Riding Hood. The wolf had a plan.

“Will your grandmother like some of these flowers?” he asked Little Red Riding Hood and then he smiled.

“What a good idea!” said Little Red Riding Hood and she stopped to pick some flowers for her grandmother. At this time the wolf ran ahead through the deep, dark forest. At last he came to grandmother’s house. The wolf was very hungry and he knock-knock-knocked at the door.

“Hello, grandmother,” said the wolf. “It’s your granddaughter Little Red Riding Hood”.

“That sounds more like the big bad Wolf”, thought grandmother and she crept quickly under the bed.



Little Red Riding Hood — Красная Шапочка

Once upon a time there lived... — когда-то давным-давно жила-была...

deep — густой

sound — звук

creep — заползать, красться

### Activities

1. Answer the questions.

1) Who did Little Red Riding Hood live with?

2) Who lived in the deep, dark forest?

3) Where did Grandmother live?

4) Why did Little Red Riding Hood come to her grandmother one day?

5) What did Little Red Riding Hood's mother tell her?

6) Who did Little Red Riding Hood meet in the forest?

7) Who came to Grandmother's house first? Why?

2. Say who in the story is:

1) kind

2) hungry

3) bad

4) ill

3. Who said this?

1) "Don't stop on the way!"

2) "Good day, my dear!"

3) "I'm going to my Grandmother to take her a cake."

4) "Will your Grandmother like some of these flowers?"

5) "That sounds more like the big bad Wolf."

4. Say who:

1) took the cake;

2) lived on the other side of the deep dark forest;

3) had a big, bad smile;

4) knock-knock-knocked at the door;

5) crept under the bed.

5. Match the words.

big

grandmother

poor

wolf

small

idea

deep

forest

bad

girl

good

smile

6. Complete the sentences. Use the words from the box.

parents   flowers   wolf   sound   forest   cake   plan

1) She lived with her \_\_\_\_\_ in a house.

2) There was a deep, dark \_\_\_\_\_ not far from the house.

3) And in the deep, dark forest lived a big bad \_\_\_\_\_.

4) Please take her this \_\_\_\_\_.

5) There was not a \_\_\_\_\_.

6) The wolf had a \_\_\_\_\_.

7) She stopped to pick some \_\_\_\_\_ for her grandmother.

7. Open the brackets and complete the sentences.

1) Little Red Riding Hood (live) in a house.

---

2) She (have) a grandmother.

---

3) Little Red Riding Hood (take) the cake and (go) through the deep, dark forest. \_\_\_\_\_

---

4) She (look) around. \_\_\_\_\_

5) There (not be) a sound. \_\_\_\_\_

6) Then she (meet) the big bad Wolf.

---

7) At last the wolf (come) to grandmother's house.

---



8) That (sound) more like the big, bad wolf.

9) Grandmother (creep) quickly under the bed.

8. Imagine that you are Little Red Riding Hood. Tell about:

- 1) your house;
- 2) your grandmother;
- 3) your parents;
- 4) the deep dark forest.

9. Make up an imaginary dialog.

When Little Red Riding Hood went to Grandmother her parents stayed at home. What do you think they talked about?

10. Read and draw.

- 1) Draw a picture of the house where Little Red Riding Hood lived.
- 2) Draw a picture of the deep dark forest.
- 3) Draw a portrait of Little Red Riding Hood.

### *Part Two*

The big bad Wolf went in. He looked all around but there was not a sound. The wolf was very hungry.

“There is nobody here”, thought he. “Never mind, Little Red Riding Hood will come here soon.” Quickly the Wolf put on grandmother’s dressing gown and nightcap. “Heh! Heh! Heh! Little Red Riding Hood will never know it’s me.” Then he jumped into the bed and pretended to sleep.

Soon Little Red Riding Hood knock-knock-knocked at the door.

“Hello, grandmother,” she called. “It’s you granddaughter Little Red Riding Hood.”



“Come in, my dear,” said the Wolf. Little Red Riding Hood opened the door and came in. She was very surprised.

“Oh, grandmother,” she said. “What big ears you have!”

“All the better to hear you with, my dear,” answered the Wolf.

“And grandmother, what big eyes you have!”

“All the better to see you with, my dear,” said the Wolf.

“And grandmother, what big teeth you have!”

“All the better to ... GOBBLE YOU UP!” roared the Wolf and he jumped out of the bed. At this moment grandmother’s nightcap flopped right over his head.

“Quick! Down here, dear!” whispered grandmother and she pulled Little Red Riding Hood under the bed.

Just then, a woodcutter passed by the house. He heard the noise and ran into the house. He saw the big bad Wolf and killed him with his axe. The woodcutter looked around, there was not a sound. And then ... out crept Little Red Riding Hood and grandmother from under the bed. And Little Red Riding Hood said: “Mother was right. I’ll never stop again on my way through the forest!”



never mind — неважно  
dressing gown — халат  
nightcap — ночной колпак  
pretend — притворяться  
gobble — проглотить  
flop — сползать  
whisper — шептать  
woodcutter — дровосек  
axe — топор

### Activities

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) What did the wolf hear when he came into the house?
- 2) Did he see anybody?
- 3) What did he put on? Why?
- 4) Who came soon?
- 5) Why was Little Red Riding Hood surprised?
- 6) What did she ask the wolf?
- 7) Who killed the big, bad wolf?
- 8) What did Little Red Riding Hood understand?

2. Who said this:

- 1) "There is nobody here."
- 2) "Heh! Heh! Heh! Little Red Riding Hood will never know it's me."
- 3) "Hello, Grandmother."
- 4) "What big ears you have!"
- 5) "All the better to gobble you up!"
- 6) "Quick! Down here, dear!"

3. Write *true*, *false* or *I don't know*.

- 1) The big bad Wolf heard some noise in the house. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) The door of the house was open. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) He went to bed and slept all night. \_\_\_\_\_

- 4) Soon Little Red Riding Hood came. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) She brought some flowers. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) Little Red Riding Hood was very glad to see grandmother. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) The big bad Wolf ate Little Red Riding Hood and her Grandmother. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) The big bad Wolf put on grandmother's clothes. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) The woodcutter heard how Little Red Riding Hood cried. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) The woodcutter was afraid of the wolf and ran away. \_\_\_\_\_
- 11) Little Red Riding Hood said that her mother was right. \_\_\_\_\_

4. Put the sentences in the correct order.

- 1) Little Red Riding Hood met the big bad Wolf.
- 2) The big, bad wolf went into the house.
- 3) Grandmother pulled Little Red Riding Hood under the bed.
- 4) Once upon a time there lived Little Red Riding Hood.
- 5) The woodcutter killed the wolf.
- 6) One day Little Red Riding Hood went to grandmother.
- 7) The wolf put on grandmother's clothes and went to bed.
- 8) Grandmother crept under the bed.
- 9) Little Red Riding Hood came into the house.
- 10) She stopped to pick some flowers.

5. Match the words with their antonyms.

big	on
ill	bad
good	small
dark	healthy
under	light

6. Say what the italicized words mean.

- 1) He *looked all around* but there was not a sound.
- 2) *Never mind*, Little Red Riding Hood will come here soon.
- 3) Soon Little Red Riding Hood *knock-knock-knocked* at the door.
- 4) She was very *surprised*.
- 5) *What big ears* you have!"
- 6) *All the better* to see you with, my dear.
- 7) "Quick! Down here, dear!" *whispered* Grandmother.
- 8) A woodcutter *passed by* the house.
- 9) He saw the big, bad wolf and killed him with *his axe*.
- 10) And then ... out crept Little Red Riding Hood and Grandmother *from under* the bed.

7. Put the words in the right order and write down the sentences.

1) in the went bad wolf big

---

2) sound not there was a

---

3) into he jumped then bed the

---

4) came Little the Riding opened Hood in door Red and

---

5) eyes have what big you

---

6) to better with hear you the all

---

7) killed the wolf axe big he bad with his

---

8) my I'll way stop through again on the never forest

---



8. Fill in the missing prepositions.

1) Little Red Riding Hood lived \_\_\_\_\_ a house \_\_\_\_\_ her parents.

2) Her Grandmother lived \_\_\_\_\_ the other side \_\_\_\_\_ the forest.

3) Don't stop \_\_\_\_\_ the way!

4) She looked \_\_\_\_\_.

5) The big, bad wolf knock-knock-knocked \_\_\_\_\_ the door.

6) She crept quickly \_\_\_\_\_ the bed.

7) The wolf put \_\_\_\_\_ Grandmother's dressing gown and nightcap.

8) He jumped \_\_\_\_\_ the bed.

9) Little Red Riding Hood came \_\_\_\_\_ the house.

10) The woodcutter killed the wolf \_\_\_\_\_ his axe.

9. Make up a dialog.

Can you imagine what the woodcutter, Little Red Riding Hood and her Grandmother talked about? Role-play their conversation.

10. Read and draw.

1) Draw a portrait of grandmother.

2) Draw a portrait of the big bad Wolf when he was wearing grandmother's clothes.

## Cinderella

### Part One

Once upon a time there lived a young girl called Cinderella. She was very unhappy because her mother was dead and her father had married another woman. Her new stepmother was a widow and had two daughters, but she didn't like Cinderella. All of her nice

things, kind thoughts and loving touches were only for her own daughters. That meant not only kind thoughts and love, but also dresses, shoes, delicious food and every home comfort. But for poor unhappy Cinderella there was nothing at all. No lovely dresses, no shoes, no tasty food, no rest, and no comfort—for she had to work all day. Only when evening came, she could sit by the fire, near cinders. That's how Cinderella became her nickname.

Cinderella spent many long hours alone, and she had nobody to talk to but the cat. The cat usually said: "Miaow." That really meant: "Cheer up! You have something that your stepsisters don't have: your beauty." And it was quite true. Cinderella, even dressed in an old dress, with her face ash-grey from sitting by the cinders, was a lovely girl. On the other hand, her stepsisters were all clumsy and ugly, no matter how splendid and elegant their clothes were.

One day there was to be a magnificent ball in the palace. The stepsisters were going to the ball, and so beautiful new dresses arrived at the house. Cinderella didn't even dare ask, "What about me?" for she knew very well what the answer would be.



“You? Oh, my dear girl, you’re staying at home to wash the dishes, sweep the floor, and make the beds for your stepsisters because they will come home very sleepy and tired,” her stepmother would say.

Cinderella sighed and looked at the cat. “Oh dear, I’m so unhappy!” And the cat said, “Miaow.”

Suddenly something amazing happened. In the kitchen where Cinderella was sitting there was a burst of light and a fairy appeared.



Once upon a time there lived... — Когда-то давным-давно жила-была...

widow — вдова

stepmother — мачеха

stepsister — сводная сестра

thoughts — мысли

delicious — вкусный

cinders — зола

nickname — прозвище

Cheer up! — Не унывай! Выше голову!

clumsy — неуклюжий

no matter — не имеет значения

ball — бал

sigh — вздыхать

dare — осмеливаться

fairy — фея

appear — появляться

happen — случаться

### *Activities*

1. Answer the questions.

1) Why was the girl unhappy?

2) How many stepsisters did she have?

3) Who had all nice things and delicious food?

- 4) Why was she called Cinderella?
- 5) What kind of girl Cinderella was?
- 6) Who did she talk with?
- 7) What kind of stepsisters did she have?
- 8) Why didn't Cinderella dare ask: "What about me?"
- 9) What appeared in the kitchen?

2. Say who:

- 1) had two daughters;
- 2) married a widow;
- 3) had all nice things;
- 4) had a nickname;
- 5) Cinderella talked to.

3. Who said this:

- 1) "Miaow";
- 2) "Oh dear, I'm so unhappy!";
- 3) "Oh, my dear girl, you're staying at home to wash the dishes, sweep the floor, and make the beds";
- 4) "You have something that your stepsisters don't have and this is your beauty."

4. Who in the story is:

- 1) unhappy;
- 2) lovely;
- 3) clumsy;
- 4) ugly.

5. Complete the sentences. Use the words from the box.

fairy   nothing   nobody   sighed   Cinderella  
widow   clumsy   looked   ball   ugly

- 1) That woman was a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2) For the poor unhappy girl there was \_\_\_\_\_ at all.

- 3) Everybody called the girl \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) She talked to \_\_\_\_\_ but the cat.
- 5) Her stepsisters were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6) One day there was to be a \_\_\_\_\_ in the palace.
- 7) Cinderella \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ at the cat.
- 8) There was a burst of light and a \_\_\_\_\_ appeared in the kitchen.

6. Match the words.

young	food
nice	dresses
kind	girl
loving	face
delicious	things
home	clothes
grey	touches
splendid	face
beautiful	comfort

7. Complete the sentences by fixing the verb forms within the brackets.

1) She (be) very unhappy.

---

2) Her stepmother (have) two daughters.

---

3) Her stepmother (not like) her.

---

4) The cat usually (say): "Miaow."

---

5) Cinderella's stepsisters (be) clumsy and ugly.

---



6) Oh, my dear girl! You (stay) at home.

---

7) Cinderella (sigh) and (look) at the cat.

---

8) In the kitchen where Cinderella (sit), a fairy (appear).

---

8. How well do you know irregular verbs? Write the past tense form of each verb in the correct column.

[e x a m p l e: *live, be*], marry, have, like, can, get, call, talk, mean, know, stay, come, say

Regular verbs	Irregular verbs
[e x a m p l e] lived	[e x a m p l e] was/were

9. Find out the verbs which have the sound [t] at the end? Underline them.

looked

lived

sighed

turned

happened

appeared

liked

called

married

Find the sentences with these verbs in the story and read them aloud.

10. Can you imagine what Cinderella talked to the cat about? Think of their dialog and write it down.

## Part Two

“Don’t be so sad, Cinderella,” said the fairy. “I know you would love to go to the ball. I’ll help you!”

“How can I? I don’t have a nice dress,” Cinderella answered. “The servants will turn me away!” The fairy smiled, took her magic wand, and... POOF! suddenly, Cinderella found herself wearing the most beautiful dress she had ever seen!

“Now that you have a beautiful dress,” said the fairy, “we need to get you a coach. A real lady would never go to a ball on foot.”

“Quick! Get me a pumpkin!” she ordered.

“Oh, of course,” said Cinderella and ran away. Then the fairy turned to the cat.

“Bring me seven mice!” she told.

“Seven mice!” said the cat. “I didn’t know that fairies ate mice!”

“They aren’t for eating, silly! Do as you are told! And remember, they must be alive.”



Soon Cinderella came back with a fine pumpkin and the cat with seven mice he had caught in the cellar.

“Excellent!” said the fairy. She took her magic wand and ... POOF! the pumpkin turned into a beautiful coach, and the seven mice became six horses and one coachman in a smart uniform. Cinderella could hardly believe her eyes.

“I shall present you at Court. You will soon see the Prince. But remember! You must leave the ball by midnight and come home. For that is when the spell ends. Your coach will turn back into a pumpkin, the horses will become mice again and the coachman will also turn back into a mouse... And you’ll be wearing your old dress again! Do you understand?”

Cinderella smiled excitedly and said: “Yes, I understand.”



servant — слуга

magic wand — волшебная палочка

smart uniform — парадная форма

pumpkin — тыква

cellar — подвал

turn into — превращаться

hardly — едва

spell — заклинание

### *Activities*

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) Who helped Cinderella to go to the ball?
- 2) From what did the fairy make the coach?
- 3) How many mice did the fairy want?
- 4) Who brought the mice?
- 5) What did the fairy make from the mice?
- 6) When did Cinderella have to be at home? Why?
- 7) Did Cinderella understand the fairy’s words?

2. Write *true*, *false* or *I don't know*.

1) Cinderella couldn't go to the ball because she was ugly.

---

2) The fairy gave Cinderella a wonderful silk dress.

3) Cinderella went to the ball on foot.

4) The cat brought seven mice.

5) There were six horses.

6) The seventh mouse was a servant.

7) Cinderella had to come home at midnight.

8) Cinderella cried when she heard that she had to be home.

---

9) The coach was pink.

3. Say what the italicized words mean.

1) I know you *would love* to go to the ball.

2) The fairy took her *magic wand*.

3) Cinderella was wearing *the most beautiful* dress she had ever seen.

4) A *real lady* would never go to a ball on foot.

5) The cat caught seven mice in *the cellar*.

6) The pumpkin *turned into* a coach.

7) The coachman was wearing a *smart uniform*.

8) It is the time when *the spell* ends.

9) Cinderella *smiled* and went away.

4. Complete the sentences by fixing the verb forms within the brackets.

1) (Not be) so sad!

2) I (not have) a nice dress.

3) They (not be) for eating!

4) I (not know) that fairies (eat) mice.

---

5) I (present) you at Court. \_\_\_\_\_

6) Your coach (turn) back into a pumpkin. \_\_\_\_\_

7) The horses (become) mice again. \_\_\_\_\_

8) You (wear) your old dress again. \_\_\_\_\_

9) You (understand)? \_\_\_\_\_

5. How well do you know English verbs? Check yourself and do the puzzle.

знать \_\_\_\_\_

носить одежду \_\_\_\_\_

помнить \_\_\_\_\_

бежать \_\_\_\_\_

нуждаться \_\_\_\_\_

одеваться \_\_\_\_\_

видеть \_\_\_\_\_

есть \_\_\_\_\_

превращаться \_\_\_\_\_

называть \_\_\_\_\_

заканчиваться \_\_\_\_\_

пить \_\_\_\_\_

6. Who said this:

1) "I'll help you!";

2) "The servants will turn me away!";

3) "Do as you are told!";

4) "Oh, of course.";

5) "I didn't know that fairies ate mice!";



6) "Do you understand?";

7) "Yes, I understand."

7. Choose the correct answer.

1) The fairy asked the cat to bring her seven mice because she wanted:

- a) to eat them;
- b) to make horses;
- c) to frighten Cinderella.

2) From the seventh mouse the fairy made:

- a) a dress;
- b) a coach;
- c) a coachman.

3) The fairy asked Cinderella to bring her a pumpkin because she wanted:

- a) to make a coach;
- b) to celebrate Halloween;
- c) to eat it.

4) Cinderella couldn't believe her eyes because:

- a) she couldn't see well;
- b) the fairy had performed magic;
- c) she didn't understand anything.

5) Cinderella had to be home at midnight because:

- a) it would be too late;
- b) she would be sleepy;
- c) her dress would become old again.

8. Read and draw.

1) Draw a picture of Cinderella in her new dress.

2) Draw a picture of the fairy.

3) Draw a picture of the coachman.

9. The fairy asked the cat to bring her seven mice. The cat didn't know why. What do you think he thought about that? Write down his thoughts.

10. Imagine that you are a fairy. What other magic would you do?

### Part Three

When Cinderella entered the ballroom at the palace, everyone admired her elegance, beauty and grace.

“Who can that be?” people asked each other. Her stepmother and two stepsisters also wanted to know who she was—they would never guess that the beautiful girl was really poor Cinderella who talked to the cat!

When the Prince saw Cinderella, he was struck by her beauty. He came to her, bowed and asked her to dance. All the evening he danced with Cinderella to the great disappointment of all the young ladies.

“Who are you, beautiful girl?” the Prince asked her many times. But Cinderella only answered:

“It doesn’t matter who I am! You will never see me again.”

“Oh, but I shall, I am quite certain!” he replied.



Cinderella had a wonderful time at the ball. But all of a sudden, she heard the sound of a clock: it was midnight! She remembered what the fairy said, and so without a word of goodbye, she slipped from the Prince's arms and ran down the steps. As she ran, she lost one of her shoes, but she didn't have even a moment to pick it up! She ran, ran, ran, and vanished into the night!

The Prince, who was by now in love with her, picked up her shoe and said to his ministers: "Go and search everywhere for the girl whose foot this shoe fits. I'll never be happy until I find her!" So the ministers tried the shoe on the feet of all the girls in town... and on Cinderella's foot as well. What a surprise! The shoe fit perfectly!

"That awful dirty girl simply cannot have been at the ball," said her stepmother. "Tell the Prince he should marry one of my daughters! Can't you see how ugly Cinderella is! Can't you see?"

Suddenly she stopped because the fairy appeared.

"That's enough!" she said, raising her magic wand. Cinderella appeared in a splendid dress, shining with youth and beauty. Her stepmother and stepsisters looked at her in amazement. The minister said:

"Come with us, beautiful girl! The Prince is waiting for you!" So Cinderella went with him joyfully and lived with the Prince happily. And the cat said, "Miaow!"



admire — восхищаться

guess — догадываться

was struck — был поражён

disappointment — разочарование

it doesn't matter — не имеет значения

step — ступенька

lose — терять

vanish — исчезать

fit — подходить

appear — появляться

wait — ждать

## Activities

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) What happened when Cinderella came into the ballroom?
- 2) Why didn't her stepmother and stepsisters guess that she was Cinderella?
- 3) With whom did the Prince dance all evening?
- 4) Did Cinderella have a good time at the ball?
- 5) Why did she slip from the Prince's arms without a word of goodbye?
- 6) What did she lose as she ran?
- 7) Who was searching for the girl?
- 8) Did the ministers find Cinderella?
- 9) Whom did the Prince marry?
- 10) Were they happy living together?

2. Who in the story is:

- 1) disappointed;
- 2) the most beautiful girl;
- 3) happy;
- 4) struck by Cinderella's beauty;
- 5) angry.

3. Who said this:

- 1) "Come with us, beautiful girl!";
- 2) "Who can that be?";
- 3) "You will never see me again.";
- 4) "Who are you, beautiful girl?";
- 5) "That's enough!";
- 6) "Can't you see how ugly Cinderella is?";
- 7) "Miaow!"

4. Put the sentences in the correct order.

- 1) She talked to the cat.
- 2) Cinderella lost her shoe.

- 3) The prince danced with Cinderella all the evening.
- 4) Once upon a time there lived an unhappy girl.
- 5) The shoe fit perfectly.
- 6) The fairy appeared in the kitchen.
- 7) Everybody called her Cinderella.
- 8) They lived happily.
- 9) Cinderella came to the ball.
- 10) Cinderella was unhappy.
- 11) One day her stepsisters were going to the ball.
- 12) The ministers found Cinderella and tried the shoe on her.

5. How well do you know irregular verbs? Give the second form of these verbs.

- 1) be — \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) break — \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) come — \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) find — \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) go — \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) have — \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) hear — \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) lose — \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) run — \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) say — \_\_\_\_\_
- 11) see — \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) shine — \_\_\_\_\_

6. Put the words in the right order and write down the sentences.

1) are girl you who beautiful

---

2) that can be who \_\_\_\_\_

3) see you can't \_\_\_\_\_

4) Cinderella he all danced the evening with

---

5) the fairy suddenly because appeared stopped she

---

6) one he marry of should daughters my

---

7) at wonderful the ball had Cinderella time a

---

8) happily lived she the Prince with

---

7. Match the words.

poor	wand
young	time
wonderful	dress
beautiful	girl
splendid	ladies
magic	Cinderella
awful	girl

8. Complete the sentences by fixing the verb forms within the brackets.

1) People (ask) each other.

---

2) He (come) to her, (bow) and (ask) her to dance.

---

3) As she (run) she (lose) one of her shoes.

---

4) The shoe (fit) perfectly.

---



5) The Prince (wait) for you.

---

6) You never (see) me again.

---

7) I never (be) happy until I find her!

---

8) It (not matter) who I (be).

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9. Retell the story as if you are Cinderella.

10. What do you think about the life of the Prince and Cinderella? What kind of life was it? Write some sentences about it.

## **The Elves and the Shoemaker**

### *Part One*

Once there lived a shoemaker with his wife. The shoemaker worked all day but couldn't earn enough money, so he was very poor.

Late one night the shoemaker was sitting and cutting his leather with a snip, snip, snap. His wife was sitting and watching him and his cat was sitting and watching him.

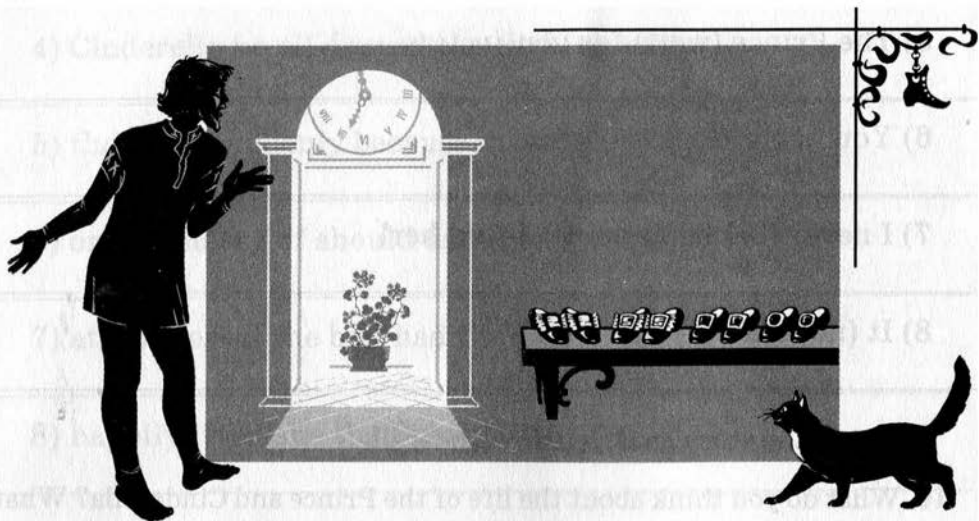
"I'll sew them tomorrow," the shoemaker said. He and his wife were hungry but there was no bread. The cupboard was empty, and there was nothing to eat, so they had to go to bed hungry.

In the morning when he opened his eyes, there was a big surprise on the bench. Someone had made the shoes. But who?

The shoemaker thought and scratched his head. The shoes were very nice.

"What tiny stitches!" he exclaimed. "Who could do a thing like that?"

"Not me," miaowed the cat.



The shoemaker sold those shoes for a very good price and bought some leather and meat and rice. They all had a good supper that evening. Then after dinner, he cut the leather with a snip, snip, snap.

"I'm so tired," he said to the cat. "I can't stop yawning. I'll make these in the morning." And he went to bed. In the morning when he opened his eyes there was an even bigger surprise on the bench. Four pairs of shoes had been made in the night!

The shoemaker scratched his head. These shoes were even more beautiful.

"What tiny stitches!" exclaimed the shoemaker again. "Who could do a thing like that?"

"Not me," miaowed the cat.

The shoemaker went to sell these shoes. A lot of customers came to the shop when they heard about his beautiful shoes.



earn — заработать

leather — кожа

sew — шить

scratch — чесать

tiny — крошечный

stitch — стежок

yawn — зевать

customer — покупатель

## Activities

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) What was the shoemaker doing one night?
- 2) Who was watching him?
- 3) Why didn't the shoemaker sew the shoes at once?
- 4) Why were the shoemaker and his wife hungry?
- 5) What did he see in the morning?
- 6) Did the cat made the shoes?
- 7) What did the shoemaker do with the shoes?
- 8) What did he buy?

2. Who said this:

- 1) "I'll sew them tomorrow.";
- 2) "Not me.";
- 3) "What tiny stitches!";
- 4) "I'm so tired.";
- 5) "Who could do a thing like that?"

3. Choose the correct answer.

- 1) The shoemaker went to bed hungry because:
  - a) he wanted to lose weight;
  - b) there was nothing to eat;
  - c) he didn't buy any food.
- 2) The shoemaker didn't sew the shoes because:
  - a) he was sleepy;
  - b) he didn't have enough leather;
  - c) his wife wanted to help him later.
- 3) When he sold the shoes he bought
  - a) sweets, meat and rice;
  - b) leather and a present for his wife;
  - c) leather, meat and rice.
- 4) There were a lot of customers in the shop because:
  - a) the shoes were very cheap;
  - b) the shoes were very beautiful;
  - c) there were not other shops.

4. Complete the sentences. Use the words from the box.

scratched tired shoemaker customers  
shoes yawning sew shoes

1) Late one night the \_\_\_\_\_ was sitting and cutting his leather.

2) The \_\_\_\_\_ were very nice.

3) I'll \_\_\_\_\_ them tomorrow.

4) Someone made the \_\_\_\_\_.

5) The shoemaker couldn't stop \_\_\_\_\_.

6) He was very \_\_\_\_\_.

7) Many \_\_\_\_\_ came to the shop to buy the shoes.

8) The shoemaker \_\_\_\_\_ his head.

5. Match the words.

big

shoes

poor

stitches

tiny

surprise

beautiful

shoemaker

6. Fill in the missing articles.

Once there lived \_\_\_\_\_ shoemaker. \_\_\_\_\_ shoemaker was poor. He cut his leather with \_\_\_\_\_ snip, snip, snap and went to bed. In \_\_\_\_\_ morning there was \_\_\_\_\_ big surprise on \_\_\_\_\_ bench! \_\_\_\_\_ shoes had been made.

“Who could do \_\_\_\_\_ thing like that?” asked \_\_\_\_\_ shoemaker. He sold \_\_\_\_\_ shoes for \_\_\_\_\_ very good price.

7. Put the letters in the right order and write down the words.

1) tahlere — \_\_\_\_\_

2) purisers — \_\_\_\_\_

3) catshcr — \_\_\_\_\_

4) gyhrun — \_\_\_\_\_

5) morecsut — \_\_\_\_\_

6) pespur — \_\_\_\_\_

Now translate these words.

1) \_\_\_\_\_,                      2) \_\_\_\_\_,

3) \_\_\_\_\_,                      4) \_\_\_\_\_,

5) \_\_\_\_\_,                      6) \_\_\_\_\_.

8. Put the words in the right order and write down the sentences.

1) wife he with lived his \_\_\_\_\_

2) no was bread there \_\_\_\_\_

3) the was big bench there a surprise on \_\_\_\_\_

4) head the his scratched shoemaker \_\_\_\_\_

5) could a like who do that thing \_\_\_\_\_

6) stitches tiny what \_\_\_\_\_

7) good they evening a that supper had \_\_\_\_\_

8) went shoemaker these sell to the shoes \_\_\_\_\_

9. Read and draw.

1) Draw a picture of the shoemaker and his cat.

2) Draw a picture of the beautiful shoes.

10. Who could have helped the poor shoemaker? What might happen next? Think of and write the end of the story.

### *Part Two*

The customers tried on the new shoes and liked them very much. Soon all the shoes were sold! And now the shoemaker had more money and with all the money he went to the shop and bought leather in blue and green and red.

The shoemaker came home and cut the leather with a snip, snip, snap. His wife was sitting and watching him and his cat was sitting and watching him. His wife said:

“Now we’ll see what happens to that!”

The next morning when they got out of bed, they found shoes in blue and green and red.

“Such tiny stitches!” the shoemaker exclaimed.

People came to shop when they heard the news.

“What beautiful shoes!” they cried. “It’s hard to choose!”





The shoemaker sat and counted his money. He thought: "It's funny! I'm suddenly rich and I haven't even sewn a stitch!" The shoemaker's wife said:

"We have to find who was so kind. Let's watch your workshop tonight."

So they left a candle burning bright and hid, watching. At midnight the door went creak and ... three little elves came skippy-skip in! They had silver tools in a tiny tin but their clothes were thin and old. Their silver hammers went tip, tip, tap and they cut and sewed with a snip, snip, snap, and the shoes were made in a flash.

When the elves had left, the shoemaker's wife said:

"I've never seen, in all my life, three little elves. I'll sew them all new clothes to wear!" So she sewed a tiny dress and tiny jackets and tiny trousers with pockets and the shoemaker made tiny beautiful boots. The next night they left the clothes there on the bench, and the shoemaker and his wife hid themselves to watch the elves. When the elves found the new suits and the tiny boots they put them on and danced out the door singing, "Shoes we'll make here no more!"

The shoemaker and his wife have never seen another elf. The shoemaker sews his shoes himself. But every day he's grateful for the dinner on his table, and every night he comes to the window (for he made a promise that still keeps):

"Thank you, elves," he says and then he sleeps.



try on — примерять

count — считать

candle — свеча

burn — гореть

tools — инструменты

tin — жестянка, консервная банка

hammer — молоток

grateful — благодарный

promise — обещание

## Activities

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) What colours were the new shoes?
- 2) Was the shoemaker still poor?
- 3) How did the shoemaker know who helped him?
- 4) Who came into the workshop at nights?
- 5) What tools did the elves have?
- 6) Has the shoemaker's wife ever seen little elves?
- 7) What kind of clothes did the elves have?
- 8) What did the shoemaker's wife sew?
- 9) Were the elves glad to get the new clothes?
- 10) Did they make any other shoes?

2. Say who in the story is:

- 1) rich;
- 2) kind;
- 3) grateful.

3. Say who:

- 1) got a lot of money;
- 2) made the shoes;
- 3) had old clothes;
- 4) hid in the workshop;
- 5) had silver tools;
- 6) sewed new clothes;
- 7) came to the window every night.

4. Write *true*, *false* or *I don't know*.

- 1) The shoemaker became rich. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) The shoemaker didn't make shoes any more. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) The shoemaker's wife wanted to help the elves. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) The shoemaker and his wife sat in the workshop all night every night. \_\_\_\_\_

- 5) They saw five little elves. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) The elves had tiny silver tools in their pockets. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) The elves' clothes were old and thin. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) The shoemaker's wife sewed red and blue and green jackets for the elves. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) The elves made shoes for the shoemaker for a long time. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) The shoemaker thanked the elves. \_\_\_\_\_

5. Put the sentences in the correct order.

- 1) The shoemaker's wife sewed new clothes for the elves.
- 2) He had a wife and a cat.
- 3) The elves were happy and didn't make any more shoes.
- 4) Once there lived a shoemaker.
- 5) He and his wife went to see who made the shoes.
- 6) At night they saw three little elves.
- 7) One night the shoemaker went to bed hungry because there was nothing to eat.
- 8) They had a good supper that evening.
- 9) In the morning he found beautiful shoes on the bench.
- 10) The shoemaker sold all the shoes.
- 11) In the next morning there was a bigger surprise.

6. How well do you know irregular verbs? Write the past tense forms.

- 1) be — \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) buy — \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) come — \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) cut — \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) find — \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) get — \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) go — \_\_\_\_\_

- 8) have — \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) hear — \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) hide — \_\_\_\_\_
- 11) leave — \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) make — \_\_\_\_\_
- 13) put — \_\_\_\_\_
- 14) say — \_\_\_\_\_
- 15) sell — \_\_\_\_\_
- 16) sit — \_\_\_\_\_
- 17) think — \_\_\_\_\_

7. How well do you know English words? Check yourself and do the puzzle.

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| покупатель _____ | шить _____       |
| эльф _____       | делать _____     |
| чесать _____     | кожа _____       |
| слышать _____    | туфля _____      |
| резать _____     | мастерская _____ |

8. Put the words in the right order and write down the sentences.

1) money the counted shoemaker his \_\_\_\_\_

2) the hid they in workshop \_\_\_\_\_

3) watch your let's in tonight workshop \_\_\_\_\_

4) in little came elves three \_\_\_\_\_

5) to I'll new wear sew clothes them \_\_\_\_\_

6) the on left they bench clothes the

---

7) put the found elves suits them on the and

---

8) himself shoemaker the stitches shoes his

---

9. Fill in the missing prepositions.

1) The customers tried the shoes \_\_\_\_\_.

2) He went \_\_\_\_\_ the shop and bought leather \_\_\_\_\_ blue and green and red.

3) Let's watch \_\_\_\_\_ your workshop tonight.

4) \_\_\_\_\_ midnight the door went creak.

5) They had silver tools \_\_\_\_\_ a tiny tin.

6) The next night they left the clothes there \_\_\_\_\_ the bench.

7) The elves put the new suits \_\_\_\_\_.

8) But every day he's grateful \_\_\_\_\_ the dinner on his table.

10. Retell the story as if you are the shoemaker.

## **The Beauty and the Beast**

### *Part One*

Once there lived a merchant with his three daughters. One day the merchant was going to go abroad to market, and so he asked each of his three daughters what she would like as a present upon his return. The first daughter wanted a beautiful dress; the second a pearl necklace; but the third, whose name was Beauty (the youngest, prettiest and the sweetest of them all), said to her father:

“All I would like is a rose that you've picked specially for me!”



When the merchant had finished his business, he started home. However, a sudden storm blew up, and his horse could hardly find his way. Cold and hungry, the merchant had lost all the hope of reaching an inn when he suddenly noticed a bright light shining in the middle of the wood. As he came nearer, he saw that it was a castle.

“I hope I’ll find shelter there for the night,” he said to himself. When he reached the door, he saw that it was open. He shouted but nobody came to greet him. He went inside, still calling to attract attention, but no one answered. In the main hall he saw a splendid dinner laid on the dining table. The merchant was very hungry, so he sat down and started to eat.

After dinner, he went upstairs along a corridor that led to magnificent rooms and halls. In the first room there was a warm fire in a fireplace and a soft bed that looked very inviting. It was already late, and so as soon as the merchant lay down on the bed, he fell asleep. When he woke up the next morning, he saw that an unknown hand had placed a cup of coffee and some fruit by his bedside.

The merchant ate the breakfast and went downstairs to thank his generous host. But just as before, nobody was there. Shaking his head in wonder, he went to the garden where he had left his horse



near a big tree. There he saw a large rose bush, and so remembering his promise to Beauty, he picked a rose. Immediately a horrible beast wearing splendid clothes jumped out of the rose garden.

“Ungrateful man! I gave you shelter; you ate at my table and slept in my own bed! But now all the thanks I get is the theft of my favourite flowers! I’ll kill you for this!” The merchant was very frightened.



return — возвращение  
merchant — купец  
necklace — ожерелье  
however — однако  
reach — достигать, добираться  
inn — постоялый двор  
hope — надеяться  
shelter — убежище  
attract — привлекать  
attention — внимание  
host — хозяин  
frightened — испуганный

### *Activities*

1. Answer the questions.
  - 1) Why did the merchant go abroad?
  - 2) What presents did his daughters ask him to bring?
  - 3) What happened when the merchant was going home?
  - 4) What did he see in the wood?
  - 5) Who met him near the door?
  - 6) Did he have any dinner that night?
  - 7) Where did the merchant spend the night?
  - 8) What did he have for breakfast?
  - 9) What did he see in the garden?
  - 10) What happened when he picked a rose?

2. Who said this:

- 1) "Ungrateful man!";
- 2) "All I would like is a rose that you've picked specially for me!";
- 3) "I hope I'll find shelter there for the night."

3. Match the words.

large	rooms
unknown	dinner
pearl	beast
horrible	bush
splendid	necklace
sudden	host
magnificent	hand
generous	storm

4. Fill in the missing letters.

br ___ t	l ___ t	n ___ t
f ___ t	h ___	r ___ t
fr ___ t	s ___ t	e ___ t

Find in the story the sentences with some of these words and read them aloud.

5. Put the letters in the right order and write down the words.

- 1) peoh — \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) soht — \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) caher — \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) bondoy — \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) caneclek — \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) thermcan — \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) verowhe — \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) undelsyd — \_\_\_\_\_

Now translate these words:

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_,                      2) \_\_\_\_\_,  
3) \_\_\_\_\_,                      4) \_\_\_\_\_,  
5) \_\_\_\_\_,                      6) \_\_\_\_\_,  
7) \_\_\_\_\_,                      8) \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Make up and write down the sentences.

The first daughter The second daughter Beauty	wanted	a pearl necklace a rose a beautiful dress
---	--------	---

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_  
2) \_\_\_\_\_  
3) \_\_\_\_\_

7. Open the brackets and complete the sentences.

1) One day the merchant (go) abroad.

---

2) His horse (can) hardly find his way.

---

3) As he (come) nearer, he (see) that it (be) a castle.

---

4) I (hope) I (find) a shelter there for the night.

---

5) He (shout) but nobody (come) to greet him.

---

6) He (remember) his promise to Beauty, so he (pick) a rose.

---

7) You (eat) at my table and (sleep) in my bed!

---

8. Fill in the missing prepositions.

1) He asked each \_\_\_\_\_ his three daughters what she would like as a present \_\_\_\_\_ his return.

2) Beauty said \_\_\_\_\_ her father: "I'd like a rose."

3) Suddenly he noticed a bright light shining \_\_\_\_\_ the middle of the wood.

4) He saw a splendid dinner \_\_\_\_\_ the table.

5) There was a corridor that led \_\_\_\_\_ magnificent rooms and halls.

6) When he woke \_\_\_\_\_ the next morning, he saw that an unknown hand had placed a cup of coffee and some fruit \_\_\_\_\_ his bedside.

7) You ate \_\_\_\_\_ my table and slept \_\_\_\_\_ my own bed!

8) I'll kill you \_\_\_\_\_ this.

9. Read and draw.

1) Draw a picture of the castle where the merchant spent the night.

2) Draw a picture of the Beast.

3) Draw a picture of the rose bush.

10. What do you think will happen next? Think of several sentences to continue the story.

### *Part Two*

The merchant fell to his knees before the Beast.

"Forgive me! Forgive me! Don't kill me! I'll do anything you say!" he cried. "The rose wasn't for me; it was for my daughter Beauty. I promised to bring her a rose as a present."

"Well," said the Beast. "I shan't kill you, but only if you bring me your daughter!"



The frightened merchant, faced with certain death if he didn't obey, promised to do so. When at last he arrived home in tears, his three daughters ran to greet him. He told them about his dreadful adventure and immediately Beauty said:

"Dear father, don't worry! You'll be able to keep your promise and save your life! Take me to the castle. I'll stay there!"

"I always knew how much you loved me," answered the merchant. "It's all I can do to thank you for saving my life."

So Beauty came to the castle. Unexpectedly, the Beast, in fact, was surprisingly pleasant to the girl, and greeted her heartily.

At first Beauty was frightened of the Beast. But as time went by, she found that in spite of the monster's awful head, he was kind and generous. She had one of the finest rooms in the castle and would sit for hours, embroidering by the fire. The Beast would sit not far away, looking at her silently. Before long, he would talk with her, and Beauty discovered that she liked their conversation. The days passed and Beauty and the Beast became good friends.

Then one day, the Beast asked the girl to be his wife. Beauty didn't know what to say. How could she marry such an ugly monster? She would rather die! But she didn't want to hurt the feelings of her friend who was so kind to her.

“I really can’t say yes,” she began. “I’d like to...” But the Beast interrupted her:

“I quite understand! “ And life went on as usual...



fall — падать

knees — колени

forgive — прости

obey — подчиняться

adventure — приключение

keep — держать

save — спасать

generous — щедрый

embroider — вышивать

## Activities

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) Why did the merchant fall to his knees?
- 2) Did the Beast kill the merchant?
- 3) What did the Beast tell the merchant to do?
- 4) Were the daughters glad to see their father when he came home?
- 5) Who returned to the Beast’s castle?
- 6) What did the Beauty do in the castle?
- 7) Who became good friends?
- 8) What did the Beast ask Beauty one day?
- 9) Did she agree? Why?

2. Say who in the story is:

- 1) ugly;
- 2) pleasant;
- 3) frightened;
- 4) generous;
- 5) kind.

3. Who said this:

- 1) “Don’t kill me! I’ll do anything you say!”;
- 2) “I shan’t kill you.”;



- 3) "Take me to the castle. I'll stay there!"
- 4) "I really can't say yes.";
- 5) "Now I can only thank you.";
- 6) "I quite understand!"

4. Complete the sentences. Use the words from the box.

wife frightened castle not far embroidering kind  
knees friends anything generous adventure

- 1) The merchant fell to his \_\_\_\_\_ before the Beast.
- 2) I'll do \_\_\_\_\_ you say.
- 3) The \_\_\_\_\_ merchant promised to do so.
- 4) At home the merchant told his daughters about his dreadful \_\_\_\_\_.

5) So Beauty came to the \_\_\_\_\_.

6) Beauty found that the beast was \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

7) She spent lots of hours \_\_\_\_\_ by the fire.

8) The Beast was sitting \_\_\_\_\_ from her.

9) The girl and the beast became good \_\_\_\_\_.

10) One day the Beast asked Beauty to be his \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Write *true*, *false* or *I don't know*.

1) The merchant wasn't afraid of the Beast and wanted to kill it. \_\_\_\_\_

2) He came home and told the daughters about the Beast. \_\_\_\_\_

3) Beauty came to the castle in the evening. \_\_\_\_\_

4) She was frightened of the Beast. \_\_\_\_\_

5) The Beast met her and greeted her heartily. \_\_\_\_\_

6) Beauty like walking in the garden. \_\_\_\_\_

7) Beauty and the Beast became good friends immediately. \_\_\_\_\_

8) The Beast wanted Beauty to marry it. \_\_\_\_\_

9) The girl agreed to be the Beast's wife. \_\_\_\_\_

10) They lived as usual after that. \_\_\_\_\_

6. How well do you know English verbs? Check yourself and do the puzzle.

купец \_\_\_\_\_ брать \_\_\_\_\_

думать \_\_\_\_\_ вышивать \_\_\_\_\_

держаться \_\_\_\_\_ комната \_\_\_\_\_

приятный \_\_\_\_\_

7. Fill in the missing words.

big	bigger	biggest
pretty		
		sweetest
young		
	finer	
kind		

8. Fill in the missing prepositions.

1) The rose wasn't \_\_\_\_\_ me.

2) The frightened merchant was faced \_\_\_\_\_ certain death.

3) Take me \_\_\_\_\_ the castle!

4) The girl was frightened \_\_\_\_\_ the Beast \_\_\_\_\_ first.

5) Beauty sat embroidering \_\_\_\_\_ the fire.

6) She lived \_\_\_\_\_ the best room \_\_\_\_\_ the castle.

7) The Beast was very kind \_\_\_\_\_ the girl.

8) Life went \_\_\_\_\_ as usual.

9. Put the letters in the right order and write down the words.

1) veas — \_\_\_\_\_

2) lafl — \_\_\_\_\_

3) senek — \_\_\_\_\_

4) fewi — \_\_\_\_\_

5) ramry — \_\_\_\_\_

6) epke — \_\_\_\_\_

7) geforvi — \_\_\_\_\_

8) nidk — \_\_\_\_\_

9) nedfir — \_\_\_\_\_

Now translate these words.

1) \_\_\_\_\_, 2) \_\_\_\_\_,

3) \_\_\_\_\_, 4) \_\_\_\_\_,

5) \_\_\_\_\_, 6) \_\_\_\_\_,

7) \_\_\_\_\_, 8) \_\_\_\_\_,

9) \_\_\_\_\_.

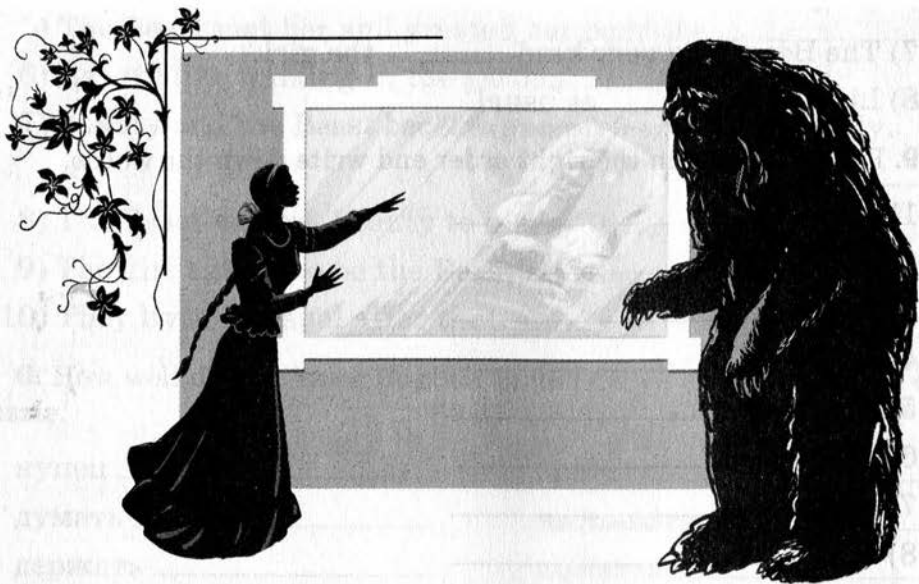
10. Retell this part of the story as if you are the Beast.

### Part Three

One day the Beast gave Beauty a magnificent magic mirror, through which she could see her family.

“You won’t feel so lonely now,” he said.

Beauty would watch her family in the mirror for hours, but before long, she began to worry. One day the Beast found her near the magic mirror, weeping and crying to herself.



“What’s wrong?” he asked, kind as always.

“My father is very ill! Oh, how I wish I could see him again, before it’s too late!” But the Beast only shook his head.

“No, you’ll never leave the castle!” However, later that evening, he came to her and said:

“If you promise to return here in seven days, I’ll let you go and visit your father.” Beauty thanked him heartily.

“I promise! I promise I will! How kind you are! You’ve made a loving daughter so happy!”

In fact, the merchant had fallen ill because he didn’t know what became of his daughter. When he saw her again, he began to recover. Beauty sat with him for hours, described her life in the castle, and explained that the Beast was really good and kind. The days passed, and at last the merchant was completely well again. Beauty was happy. However, she didn’t notice that seven days had gone by.

That night she awoke from a terrible nightmare. She had dreamt that the Beast was dying and calling to her.

“Come back! Come back to me!” he was saying. Immediately, she remembered her promise.

“Hurry! Hurry, good horse!” she urged, riding back to the castle. She was afraid she would arrive too late. She ran upstairs calling to the Beast, but there was no reply. Then she ran into the garden, and there she found the Beast, his eyes shut as if he was dead. Beauty threw herself at him.

“Don’t die! Don’t die! I’ll marry you...” At these words the Beast awoke and turned into a handsome young man.

“How long I’ve been waiting for this moment!” he said. “I couldn’t tell you my secret. An evil witch turned me into a monster and only the love of a beautiful girl could transform me back. My dear! I’ll be so happy if you marry me!”

The wedding took place shortly after that, and from that day, the young Prince had nothing but roses in his garden. And that’s why to this day, the castle is known as the Castle of the Rose.



mirror — зеркало

lonely — одинокий

shake — тряска

recover — выздоравливать

describe — описывать

explain — объяснять

notice — замечать

nightmare — ночной кошмар

arrive — прибывать, приезжать

witch — ведьма

### *Activities*

1. Answer the questions.

- 1) What did the Beast present to Beauty one day?
- 2) Did she like the present?
- 3) What did Beauty see in the mirror?
- 4) What did she want to do?
- 5) Why was the merchant ill?
- 6) Did Beauty returned to the castle at once? Why?
- 7) How did she remember her promise?
- 8) Did Beauty arrive at the castle in time to see the Beast alive?
- 9) What happened when she found the Beast?
- 10) Did Beauty marry the Beast?

2. Say who in this story:

- 1) was ill;
- 2) felt lonely;
- 3) gave a magic mirror to Beauty;
- 4) went home;
- 5) recovered;
- 6) appeared to be dying;
- 7) turned into a young man.

3. Match the words.

terrible	beast
handsome	mirror
magic	witch
evil	man
loving	father
kind	daughter
ill	nightmare

4. Choose the correct answer.

1) Beauty started to worry because:

- a) the mirror was broken;
- b) her father was ill;
- c) she didn't see the Beast.

2) The merchant fell ill because:

- a) he got cold;
- b) he had a heart attack;
- c) he knew nothing of his daughter's fate.

3) Beauty remembered her promise when:

- a) she had an awful dream;
- b) she looked into a mirror;
- c) she knew how many days had passed.

4) The girl found the Beast:

- a) in her room;
- b) in the garden;
- c) she didn't find him.



- 5) The Beast was dying because:
- he didn't find his favourite rose;
  - he was very hungry;
  - Beauty didn't keep her promise.

- 6) Now the castle is known as:
- the Castle of the Rose;
  - the Castle of the Beast;
  - the Castle of Beauty.

5. Put the sentences in the correct order.

1) A horrible beast wanted the merchant's daughter to come to the castle.

2) Beauty went to visit her father and forgot about the promise.

3) Once there lived a merchant who had three daughters.

4) The Beast turned into a young man.

5) When the merchant was coming back he found a castle.

6) Beauty lived in the castle.

7) Beauty wanted to be the Beast's wife.

8) The Beast was kind and generous.

9) The merchant went abroad and wanted to bring his daughters presents.

10) The Beast was dying.

11) They got married and lived happily.

12) The merchant picked up a rose.

6. Who said this:

1) "What's wrong?";

2) "You'll never leave the castle!";

3) "Don't die!";

4) "Oh, how I wish I could see my father again, before it's too late!";

5) "I'll be so happy if you marry me!"

7. Say what the italicized words mean.

1) One day the Beast gave Beauty a magnificent *magic mirror*.

- 2) "What's wrong?" he asked, *kindly as always*.
- 3) *However*, later that evening, he returned.
- 4) Beauty thanked him *heartily*.
- 5) When he saw her again he *started to recover*.
- 6) That night she woke from *a terrible nightmare*.
- 7) The young Prince had *nothing but roses* in his garden.

8. How well do you know regular and irregular verbs? Put the verbs into **past tense** and write them down in the right column.

ask, want, be, can, make, see, find, reach, come, go, sit, thank, pick, jump, get, bring, put, start, know, begin, return, take, cry, run

Regular Verbs	Irregular Verbs
asked	could

9. Open the brackets and complete the sentences.

1) Beauty (can) see her family in the magic mirror.

2) "You (not feel) so lonely now," the Beast said.

3) One day the Beast (find) Beauty near the magic mirror; she (cry). \_\_\_\_\_

4) However, later that evening, the Beast (return). \_\_\_\_\_

5) The merchant (not know) anything about his daughter. \_\_\_\_\_

6) Beauty (sit) with her father for hours. \_\_\_\_\_

7) Beauty (ask) her horse to hurry when she (go) to the castle. \_\_\_\_\_

8) Beauty (run) into the garden and there she (find) the Beast. \_\_\_\_\_

9) (Not die)! I (marry) you. \_\_\_\_\_

10) I (can not) tell you my secret. \_\_\_\_\_

10. Retell the story as if you are:

1) the Beast; 2) Beauty; 3) the merchant.

## RIDDLES

◆ It is a domesticated animal. It gives us milk. What's this?  
(*moʊ v*)

◆ It is a slow animal that carries its house on its back. What's this?  
(*ə'laɪnɪ v*)

◆ It lives in the forest. It is often red, and has a bushy tail. What's this?  
(*xoʊ v*)

◆ It is small animal. It is afraid of everything, and it can run very fast. What's this?  
(*ə'laɪnɪ v*)

◆ It is called the king of the animals. What's this?  
(*uoʊn v*)

◆ It is grey and a bit big but it isn't an elephant. It lives in the forest and hunts hares and other animals. What's this? (*John v*)

◆ It is a very funny animal. It can climb trees and likes bananas very much. What's this? (*Heaven v*)

◆ It is a very big animal. It is grey and has a long, long nose. What's this? (*under the sea*)

◆ It lives in the desert. It can live without water for a long time. What's this? (*a camel*)

◆ It has a very long neck and eats leaves of the trees. What's this? (*a giraffe*)

◆ How do hares travel? (*By hareplane*)

◆ What clothing does a house wear? (*Address*)

◆ When is the best time to have lunch? (*After breakfast*)

◆ Can giraffes have babies? (*No, they can have only giraffes*)

◆ Why are potatoes good detective? (*They have a lot of eyes*)

◆ What kind of apple isn't an apple? (*A pineapple*)

◆ How does the Earth fish? (*With North and South Poles*)

◆ Why do birds fly South in winter? (*It's too far to walk*)

◆ Where did Pilgrims land when they arrived to America?

(*On their feet*)

◆ What is that you need most in the long run? (*Your breath*)

◆ Where were lemons first found? (*In a tree*)

◆ What animal keeps the best time? (*A watchdog*)

◆ When do elephants have eight feet? (*When there are two of them*)

◆ What always ends everything? (*The letter "s"*)

◆ Which one of our Presidents had the largest shoes?

(*Whoever had the largest feet*)

◆ When is a green cat most likely to enter a house?

(*When the door is open*)

◆ What is the happiest state in the USA? (*Maryland*)

◆ What can teach without talking? (*A book*)

# OTBETЫ

## Little Red Riding Hood

### *Part One*

1. 1) She lived with her parents. 2) A big bad Wolf lived in a deep dark forest. 3) She lived on the other side of the forest. 4) Because grandmother was ill. 5) The mother told her not to stop on the way. 6) She met a big bad Wolf. 7) The big bad wolf came first because Little Red Riding Hood stopped to pick some flowers.

2. 1) Little Red Riding Hood and her mother. 2) The big bad Wolf. 3) The big bad Wolf. 4) grandmother.

3. 1) Little Red Riding Hood's mother. 2) The big bad Wolf. 3) Little Red Riding Hood. 4) The big bad Wolf. 5) Grandmother.

4. 1) Little Red Riding Hood. 2) Grandmother. 3) The big bad Wolf. 4) The big bad Wolf. 5) Grandmother.

5. big Wolf, poor grandmother, small girl, deep forest, bad smile, good idea.

6. 1) parents; 2) forest; 3) wolf; 4) cake; 5) sound; 6) plan; 7) flowers.

7. 1) lived; 2) had; 3) took, went; 4) looked; 5) was not; 6) met; 7) came; 8) sounds; 9) crept.

### *Part Two*

1. 1) He didn't hear anything. 2) No, he didn't. 3) The wolf put on Grandmother's dressing gown and nightcap because he wanted to look like Grandmother. 4) Little Red Riding Hood did. 5) Because Grandmother looked very unusual. 6) She asked Grandmother about her eyes, ears and teeth. 7) A woodcutter did. 8) She understood that her mother was right.

2. 1) The big bad Wolf. 2) The big bad Wolf. 3) Little Red Riding Hood. 4) Little Red Riding Hood. 5) The big bad Wolf. 6) Grandmother.

3. 1) False. 2) I don't know. 3) False. 4) True. 5) True. 6) I don't know. 7) False. 8) True. 9) False. 10) False. 11) True.

4. 4, 6, 1, 10, 8, 2, 7, 9, 3, 5.

5. big — small, ill — healthy, good — bad, under — on, dark — light.

6. 1) огляделся; 2) неважно; 3) постучался; 4) удивлена; 5) какие большие уши; 6) чтобы лучше видеть тебя; 7) прошептала; 8) проходил; 9) топором; 10) из-под.

7. 1) The big bad Wolf went in. 2) There was not a sound. 3) Then he jumped into the bed. 4) Little Red Riding Hood opened the door and came in. 5) What big eyes you have! 6) All the better to hear you with. 7) He killed the big bad Wolf with his axe. 8) I'll never stop again on my way through the forest.

8. 1) in, with; 2) on, of; 3) on; 4) around; 5) at; 6) under; 7) on; 8) into; 9) into; 10) with.

## Cinderella

### *Part One*

1. 1) Because her mother was dead and her father married another woman. 2) Two. 3) Cinderella's stepsisters did. 4) She often sat by the cinders in the fire. 5) She was a lovely girl. 6) She talked with the cat. 7) Her stepsisters were clumsy and ugly. 8) She knew very well that the answer would be. ["You? Oh, my dear girl, you're staying at home to wash the dishes, sweep the floor and turn down beds for your stepsisters because they will come home very sleepy and tired."] 9) A fairy appeared.

2. 1) Cinderella's stepmother. 2) Cinderella's father. 3) Cinderella's stepsisters. 4) Cinderella. 5) The cat.

3. 1) The cat. 2) Cinderella. 3) Cinderella's stepsisters. 4) The cat.

4. 1) Cinderella. 2) Cinderella. 3) Cinderella's stepsisters. 4) Cinderella's stepsisters.

5. 1) widow; 2) nothing; 3) Cinderella; 4) nobody; 5) clumsy, ugly; 6) ball; 7) sighed, looked; 8) fairy.

6. young girl, nice things, kind thoughts, loving touches, delicious food, home comfort, grey face, splendid clothes, beautiful dresses.

7. 1) was; 2) had; 3) didn't [did not] like; 4) said; 5) were; 6) are [you're] staying; 7) sighed, looked; 8) was sitting, appeared.



8.

Regular verbs	Irregular verbs
lived	was/were
married	had
called	could
talked	got
stayed	meant
	knew
	came
	said

9. looked  
turned  
liked

lived  
happened  
called

sighed  
appeared  
married

### Part Two

1. 1) The fairy. 2) From a pumpkin. 3) Seven. 4) The cat. 5) Six horses and a coachman. 6) At midnight for that is when the spell ends. 7) Yes, she said that she did.

2. 1) False. 2) I don't know. 3) False. 4) True. 5) True. 6) False. 7) True. 8) False. 9) I don't know.

3. 1) хотелось бы; 2) волшебная палочка; 3) самое прекрасное; 4) настоящая леда; 5) подвал; 6) превратилась; 7) симпатичная форма; 8) заклинание; 9) улыбнулась.

4. 1) don't be; 2) don't have; 3) aren't; 4) didn't know, ate; 5) shall present; 6) will turn; 7) will become; 8) will be wearing; 9) do you understand?

5. 1) know; 2) wear; 3) remember; 4) run; 5) need; 6) dress; 7) see; 8) eat; 9) turn; 10) name; 11) end; 12) drink.

6. 1) The fairy. 2) Cinderella. 3) The fairy. 4) Cinderella. 5) The cat. 6) The fairy. 7) Cinderella.

7. 1) b; 2) c; 3) a; 4) b; 5) c.

### Part Three

1. 1) Everyone admired her elegance, beauty and grace. 2) Because she was very beautiful. 3) Cinderella. 4) Yes, she did. 5) Because it was midnight. 6) Her shoe. 7) The ministers were. 8) Yes, they did. 9) Cinderella. 10) Yes, they were.

2. 1) Cinderella's stepmother and stepsisters. 2) Cinderella. 3) Cinderella. 4) The prince. 5) Cinderella's stepmother.

3. 1) The ministers. 2) People in the palace. 3) Cinderella. 4) The prince. 5) The fairy. 6) Cinderella's stepmother. 7) The cat.

4. 4, 7, 1, 11, 10, 6, 9, 3, 2, 12, 5, 8.

5. 1) was/were; 2) broke; 3) came; 4) found; 5) went; 6) had; 7) heard; 8) lost; 9) ran; 10) said; 11) saw; 12) shone.

6. 1) Who are you, beautiful girl? 2) Who can that be? 3) Can't you see? 4) He danced with Cinderella all the evening. 5) Suddenly she stopped because the fairy appeared. 6) He should marry one of my daughters. 7) Cinderella had a wonderful time at the ball. 8) She lived with the Prince happily.

7. poor Cinderella, young ladies, wonderful time, beautiful girl, splendid dress, magic wand, awful girl.

8. 1) asked; 2) came, bowed, asked; 3) ran, lost; 4) fit; 5) is waiting; 6) will never see; 7) I'll never be; 8) doesn't matter, am.

## The Elves and the Shoemaker

### Part One

1. 1) The shoemaker was sitting and cutting his leather. 2) His wife and his cat were. 3) Because he wanted to sleep. 4) Because there was no bread. 5) New shoes. 6) No, it didn't. 7) He sold them. 8) He bought leather and meat and rice.

2. 1) The shoemaker. 2) The cat. 3) The shoemaker. 4) The shoemaker. 5) The shoemaker.

3. 1) b; 2) a; 3) c; 4) b.

4. 1) shoemaker; 2) shoes; 3) sew; 4) shoes; 5) yawning; 6) tired; 7) customers; 8) scratched.

5. big surprise, poor shoemaker, tiny stitches, beautiful shoes.

6. Once there lived a shoemaker. **The** shoemaker was poor. He cut his leather with a snip, snip, snap and went to bed. In **the** morning there was a big surprise on **the** bench! **The** shoes had been made.

"Who could do a thing like that?" asked **the** shoemaker. He sold **the** shoes for a very good price.

7. 1) leather — кожа; 2) surprise — сюрприз; 3) scratch — чесать; 4) hungry — голодный; 5) customer — покупатель; 6) supper — ужин.

8. 1) He lived with his wife. 2) There was no bread. 3) There was a big surprise on the bench. 4) The shoemaker scratched his head. 5) Who could do a thing like that? 6) What tiny stitches! 7) They had a good supper that evening. 8) The shoemaker went to sell these shoes.

### *Part Two*

1. 1) They were blue, green and red. 2) No, he was not. 3) He hid in his workshop and watched. 4) Three little elves did. 5) They had silver tools. 6) No, she hasn't. 7) Their clothes were thin and old. 8) She sewed new clothes for them. 9) Yes, they were. 10) No, they didn't.

2. 1) The shoemaker. 2) The elves. 3) The shoemaker.

3. 1) The shoemaker. 2) The elves. 3) The elves. 4) The shoemaker and his wife. 5) The elves. 6) The shoemaker's wife. 7) The shoemaker.

4. 1) True. 2) False. 3) True. 4) I don't know. 5) False. 6) False. 7) True. 8) I don't know. 9) False. 10) True.

5. 4, 2, 7, 9, 8, 11, 10, 5, 6, 1, 3.

6. 1) was/were; 2) bought; 3) came; 4) cut; 5) found; 6) got; 7) went; 8) had; 9) heard; 10) hid; 11) left; 12) made; 13) put; 14) said; 15) sold; 16) sat; 17) thought.

7. 1) customer; 2) elf; 3) scratch; 4) hear; 5) cut; 6) sew; 7) make; 8) leather; 9) shoe; 10) workshop.

8. 1) The shoemaker counted his money. 2) They hid in the workshop. 3) Let's watch your workshop tonight. 4) Three little elves came in. 5) I'll sew them new clothes to wear. 6) They left the clothes on the bench. 7) The elves found the suits and put them on. 8) The shoemaker stitches his shoes himself.

9. 1) on; 2) to, in; 3) in; 4) at; 5) in; 6) on; 7) on; 8) for.

## **The Beauty and the Beast**

### *Part One*

1. 1) For market. 2) A beautiful dress, a pearl necklace and a rose. 3) A sudden storm blew up. 4) He saw a bright light. 5) Nobody. 6) Yes, he did. 7) In a room of the castle. 8) A cup of coffee and some fruit. 9) He saw a large rose bush. 10) A horrible beast wearing splendid clothes jumped out of the rose garden.

2. 1) The Beast. 2) Beauty. 3) The merchant.

3. large bush, unknown hand, pearl necklace, horrible beast, splendid dinner, sudden storm, magnificent rooms, generous host.

4. bright, light, night, fight, high, right, fright, sight, eight.

5. 1) hope — надеяться; 2) host — хозяин; 3) reach — достигать; 4) nobody — никто; 5) necklace — ожерелье; 6) merchant — купец; 7) however — однако; 8) suddenly — внезапно.

6. 1) The first daughter wanted a beautiful dress. 2) The second daughter wanted a pearl necklace. 3) Beauty wanted a rose.

7. 1) went; 2) could; 3) came, saw, was; 4) hope, I'll find; 5) shouted, came; 6) remembered, picked; 7) ate, slept.

8. 1) of, upon; 2) to; 3) in; 4) on; 5) to; 6) up, by; 7) at, in; 8) for.

### Part Two

1. 1) He asked the beast to forgive him. 2) No, he didn't. 3) He told him to bring his daughter to the castle. 4) Yes, they were. 5) Beauty did. 6) She sat near the fire embroidering. 7) Beauty and the Beast. 8) He asked her to be his wife. 9) No, she didn't. Because he was an ugly monster.

2. 1) The Beast. 2) The Beast. 3) Beauty. 4) The Beast. 5) The Beast.

3. 1) The merchant. 2) The Beast. 3) Beauty. 4) Beauty. 5) The merchant. 6) The Beast.

4. 1) knees; 2) anything; 3) frightened; 4) adventure; 5) castle; 6) kind, generous; 7) embroidering; 8) not far; 9) friends; 10) wife.

5. 1) False. 2) True. 3) I don't know. 4) True. 5) True. 6) I don't know. 7) False. 8) True. 9) False. 10) True.

6. 1) merchant; 2) think; 3) keep; 4) pleasant; 5) take; 6) embroider; 7) room.

7.

big	bigger	biggest
pretty	prettier	prettiest
sweet	sweeter	sweetest
young	younger	youngest
fine	finer	finest
kind	kinder	kindest

8. 1) for; 2) with; 3) to; 4) of, at; 5) by; 6) in, of; 7) to; 8) on.

9. 1) save — спасать; 2) fall — падать; 3) knees — колени; 4) wife — жена; 5) marry — жениться, выходить замуж; 6) keep — держать; 7) forgive — прощать; 8) kind — добрый; 9) friend — друг.

### Part Three

1. 1) He presented her with a magic mirror. 2) Yes, she did. 3) She saw her family. 4) She wanted to visit her father. 5) Because he didn't know anything about his daughter. 6) No, she didn't. She didn't notice that seven days had gone by. 7) Beauty had a terrible nightmare. 8) Yes, she did. 9) The Beast turned into a handsome young man. 10) Yes, she did.

2. 1) The merchant. 2) Beauty. 3) The Beast. 4) Beauty. 5) The merchant. 6) The Beast. 7) The Beast.

3. terrible nightmare, handsome man, magic mirror, evil witch, loving daughter, kind beast, ill father.

4. 1) b; 2) c; 3) a; 4) b; 5) c; 6) a.

5. 3, 9, 5, 12, 1, 6, 8, 2, 10, 7, 4, 11.

6. 1) The Beast. 2) The Beast. 3) Beauty. 4) Beauty. 5) The Beast.

7. 1) волшебное зеркало; 2) как всегда, по-доброму; 3) однако; 4) сердечно; 5) начал выздоравливать; 6) ужасный ночной кошмар; 7) ничего кроме роз.

8.

Regular Verbs	Irregular Verbs
asked	could
wanted	was/were
reached	made
thanked	saw
picked	found
jumped	came
started	went
returned	sat
cried	got
	brought
	put
	knew
	began
	took
	ran

9. 1) could; 2) won't feel; 3) found, was crying; 4) returned; 5) didn't know; 6) sat; 7) asked, was going; 8) ran, found; 9) Don't die! I'll marry; 10) couldn't.

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Удобная подборка материалов для подготовки к экзаменам

И. М. Стронская

## ВСЕ ЧАСТИ РЕЧИ РУССКОГО ЯЗЫКА

В ТАБЛИЦАХ И СХЕМАХ

Общее грамматическое значение

Морфологические признаки

Синтаксическая роль в предложении

Е. А. Арбатова

## РУССКИЙ ЯЗЫК САМЫЕ СЛОЖНЫЕ ПРАВИЛА

В ТАБЛИЦАХ И СХЕМАХ

Основные орфограммы

Знаки препинания в простом и сложном предложениях

Таблицы для отработки новых правописаний

В. А. Крутецкий

## ОБРАЗ ПРИРОДЫ

В ПРОИЗВЕДЕНИЯХ РУССКИХ ПОЭТОВ, ПИСАТЕЛЕЙ И ХУДОЖНИКОВ

Лирические образы природы в русской литературе

Поэтические зарисовки и знаменитые полотна

Е. А. Островская

## САМЫЕ ВАЖНЫЕ ЦИТАТЫ

ИЗ ПРОИЗВЕДЕНИЙ РУССКОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ

Для тех, кто не успел их прочесть внимательно и внимательно

9-11 классы

О. Д. Ушакова

## АНГЛИЙСКАЯ ГРАММАТИКА

В ТАБЛИЦАХ И СХЕМАХ

Транскрипция

Словообразование

Все части речи

И. В. Снегов

## СПРАВОЧНИК ПО ОБЩЕСТВОЗНАНИЮ

С ВОПРОСАМИ ДЛЯ САМОПРОВЕРКИ

9-11 КЛАССЫ

Теоретические материалы в таблицах и схемах

О. Д. Ушакова

## ВСЕ ВИДЫ РАЗБОРА ПО РУССКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

5-9 КЛАССЫ

Фонетический разбор

Разбор слова по составу

Орфографический разбор

Морфологический разбор

Синтаксический разбор

А. В. Илюшина

## СПРАВОЧНИК ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

Правила грамматики

Учебные материалы

Наглядные таблицы

Е. А. Арбатова

## ПРАВИЛА РУССКОГО ЯЗЫКА

В ТАБЛИЦАХ И СХЕМАХ

Все правила орфографии

Употребление знаков препинания

Е. А. Арбатова

## РУССКИЙ ЯЗЫК

### ЗНАКИ ПРЕПИНАНИЯ

В ПРОСТОМ И СЛОЖНОМ ПРЕДЛОЖЕНИЯХ

Предложения с прямой речью и обращениями

Вводные и вставные конструкции

Обособленные члены предложения